Infinity Causality And Determinism Cosmological Enterprises And Their

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The Cambridge History of Medieval Philosophy - Robert Pasnau - 2014-06-19

The Cambridge History of Medieval Philosophy comprises over fifty specially commissioned essays by experts on the philosophy of this period. Starting in the late eighth century, with the renewal of learning after the fall of the Roman Empire, a sequence of chapters takes the reader through developments in many varied fields, including logic and language, natural philosophy, ethics, metaphysics, and theology. Close attention is paid to the context of medieval philosophy, with discussions of the rise of the universities and developments in the cultural and linguistic spheres. A striking feature is the continuous coverage of Islamic, Jewish, and Christian philosophy, and a comprehensive selection of philosophers, bringing together the influential and remarkable period in the history of philosophy on medieval philosophy for the next generation of scholars and students alike.

Science and the Spirit - James K. A. Smith - 2010-08-26

When and where did science begin? Historians have offered different answers to these questions, some pointing to Babylonian observational astronomy, some to the late eighth century, with the renewal of learning after the fall of the Roman Empire, a sequence of chapters takes the reader through developments in many varied fields, including logic and language, natural philosophy, ethics, metaphysics, and theology. Close attention is paid to the context of medieval philosophy, with discussions of the rise of the universities and developments in the cultural and linguistic spheres. A striking feature is the continuous coverage of Islamic, Jewish, and Christian philosophy, and a comprehensive selection of philosophers, bringing together the influential and remarkable period in the history of philosophy on medieval philosophy for the next generation of scholars and students alike.

The Hidden Secret - Michael Al-Ghazali - 2010-05-19

This book sheds light on one of the most complex thinkers of the post-Avicennan period, shaulin how al-Rāzī's early theorizing on the craft contributed to his formulation of proophood with which his career culminated. Representing the nexus between philosophy, theology, and magic, it will be of interest to all those interested in Islamic intellectual history and occultism.

Quantifiers, Questions and Quantum Physics - Jaakko Hintikka - 2009-05-28

Jaakko Hintikka is one of the most creative figures in contemporary philosophy. He has made significant contributions to virtually all areas of the discipline, from epistemology and the philosophy of logic to the history of philosophy and the philosophy of science. Part of the fruitfulness of Hintikka's work is due to its opening various chemical concepts and actions are being blended with philosophical and cultural ideas. The authors of the 22 articles included in the presented volume have taken the opportunity to analyze various components of what may be termed the resulting alloy - the philosophy of chemistry. They also reveal the alchemical roots of chemistry taken the opportunity to analyze various components of what may be termed the resulting alloy - the philosophy of chemistry. They also reveal the alchemical roots of chemistry.
Catholic theologians of the day. His fate as an academic outcast was sealed when he undertook to reconcile Catholics and Protestants. The study is an appreciation of Religion als Werterlebnis - Ferdinand Nwaigbo - 2003

The title of this work is to be taken seriously: it is a small look for teaching students to read the language of determinism. Some prior knowledge of college-level mathematics and physics is presumed, but otherwise the book is suitable for use in an advanced undergraduate or beginning graduate course in the philosophy of science. While writing I had in mind primarily a philosophical audience, but I hope that students and colleagues from the sciences will also find the text useful. The book develops a number of scientific issues into a comprehensive account of the deterministic nature of scientific theories. It is written in a straightforward, lively style, making it accessible to any reader who is interested in the subject. The book is divided into three parts: Part I deals with determinism, Part II describes the nature of scientific theories, and Part III discusses the role of science in society. Aristotelian philosophy and science: their relationship to the human condition

The Cosmological Argument from Plato to Leibniz

Religion als Werterlebnis - Ferdinand Nwaigbo - 2003

Ritz's significance for the history of ideas in the early modern age.

Aristotelian Naturphilosophie and christliche Kabbalah im Werk des Paulus Rittus - Bernd Ritius - 2007-01-01

With his unconventional philosophical tracts, his translations from the Hebrew, and his work on Christian kabbalah, the neophyte Paulus Rittus (d. 1541), a friend of Erasmus of Rotterdam and a pupil of the famous humanist Erasmus, became one of the most important representatives of Italian Renaissance philosophy in Germany. His attempts to combine the natural philosophy of Aristotle and Averroes with Christianity brought him in conflict with the German universities and culminated in public disputes with the leading Catholic theologians of the day. His fate as an academic outcast was sealed when he undertook to reconcile Catholics and Protestants. The study is an appreciation of Religion als Werterlebnis - Ferdinand Nwaigbo - 2003
In Time's Causal Power, Antonio Vargas explains how Proclus (412-485 C.E.) developed the unique theory that time is a cause and a god, the world's first unmoved thinker, submitting them to an interpretation and drawing a summary conclusion, placing the work and its topics within the context of its modern successors. A

Kant's Critique of Pure Reason

Kant's "Critique of Pure Reason" is so outstanding among modern philosophical works, that it can be termed "the" foundation of modern philosophy. Schopenhauer

Scripta Mathematica

Includes section "Book reviews."

Cosmological Arguments - Michael Almeida - 2018-08-31

The book discusses the structure, content, and evaluation of cosmological arguments. The introductory chapter investigates features essential to cosmological arguments. Traditionally, cosmological arguments are distinguished by their appeal to change, causation, contingency or objective becoming in the world. But none of these is in fact essential to the formulation of cosmological arguments. Chapters 1-3 present a critical discussion of traditional Thomistic, Kalam, and Leibnizian cosmological arguments, noting various advantages and disadvantages of these approaches. Chapter 4 offers an entirely new approach to the cosmological argument - the approach of the modularity principle. The proper explanations of cosmological arguments on this approach is not change, causation, contingency or objective becoming in the world. The proper explanation is the totality of metaphysical reality - all actual and all possible. The result is the most compelling and least objectionable version of the cosmological argument.

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Foundations of Realism - Michael Epperson - 2013-06-20

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Cosmology, Physics, and Philosophy - Benjamin Gaí-Or - 2012-12-06

From the reviews: "What is wonderful in this book? Much has happened in the last few years, especially in terms of the somewhat surprising rise at which the theories presented herein have been developed, in the absence of any certainty regarding the fundamental questions of cosmology, biophysical and astrophysical observation. The book is divided into two parts: the first part deals with the theoretical history of cosmology and astrophysics. The second part, on general relativity and cosmology, provides a good account of modern theories. This readable text will be useful for students and instructors alike. It is a delectable companion to the text itself. *** The physical implications presented in this book are not to be summarized here. For that purpose one must turn to the text itself. *** The physicists presented here have been developed in total isolation. They were never presented in "professional conferences", as most current writers do. Whether or not that was important remains to be seen. Hence, all I can state to critics and enthusiastic follow-eve is alike in the fact that I do not belong to any 'analytical discipline', "pressure group", or 'pro factional organisation'.

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Kant's Doctrine of Transcendental Illusion - Michelle Grier - 2012-05-27

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Reforming the Doctrine of God - F. Leu-Sto - 2011-05-11

In dialogue with late modern developments in philosophy, science and biblical scholarship, "Reforming the Doctrine of God" explores the conceptual space opened up by these developments. The book explores the tendency to deconstruct and dissolve traditional religious categories, and the move towards a more sophisticated treatment of the Christian understanding and experience of the God of divine knowing, acting and being

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Thinking the Event - François Raffoul - 2020-05-05
The author of The Origins of Responsibility presents "a major contribution to philosophical scholarship on . . . the very idea of the event" (Edward S. Casey, author of The World on Edge). In Thinking the Event, continental philosopher François Raffoul explores the question of what constitutes an event as an event: not what happens or why it happens, but what "happening" means. If it's true that nothing happens without a reason, as Leibniz famously posited, then does this principle of reason have a reason? Bringing together philosophical insights from Martin Heidegger, Jacques Derrida, Jean-Luc Nancy, and Jean-Luc Marion, Raffoul shows how the event, in its disruptive unpredictability, always exceeds causality, subjectivity, and reason. He then goes on to examine the inappropriability of this "pure event" and how this inappropriability may inform ethical and political considerations. In the wake of the exhaustion of traditional metaphysics, the notion of the event comes to the fore, with key implications for philosophy, ontology, ethics, and theories of selfhood. Raffoul’s Thinking the Event is essential reading on this fascinating topic.

The Simpular Universe and the Reality of Time - Roberto Mangabeira Unger - 2014-12-08
Roberto Mangabeira Unger and Lee Smolin argue for a revolution in our cosmological ideas. Ideal for non-scientists, physicists and cosmologists.

Theism and Cosmology - John Laird - 2013-05-02
Theism is one of the major types of metaphysics and cosmology is the general theory of the whole wide world. Must the world have an over-worldly source, or any source? Would "space" crumble unless God perpetually sustained it by his brooding omnipresence? Is all power, properly understood, divine power? These large questions, never out of date, are examined by Professor Laird in the light of contemporary philosophy. This seminal work, originally published in 1940 is a lucid and profound discussion in theological philosophy.

Brecht-Handbuch - Jan Knopf - 2016-12-13

Unlocking Divine Action - Michael J. Dodds - 2012-09-26
Provides a sustained account of how the thought of Aquinas may be used in conjunction with contemporary science to deepen our understanding of divine action and address such issues as creation, providence, prayer, and miracles.

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